Freeform Search

Database :	US Pre-Grant Publication Full-Text Database US Patents Full-Text Database US OCR Full-Text Database EPO Abstracts Database JPO Abstracts Database Derwent World Patents Index IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletins
Term:	L5 same bacteri\$
Display: Generate:	Documents in Display Format: - Starting with Number 1 C Hit List © Hit Count C Side by Side C Image Search Clear Interrupt
	Search History

DATE: Tuesday, October 12, 2004 Printable Copy Create Case

<u>Set Name</u>	<u>Query</u>	mi Count	Set Maine
side by side			result set
DB=PGPB	USPT, USOC, EPAB, JPAB, DWPI; PLUR=	YES; OP=ADJ	
<u>L6</u>	L5 same bacteri\$	81	<u>L6</u>
<u>L5</u>	sialyltransferase	827	<u>L5</u>
<u>L4</u>	L2 and bacter\$. 8	<u>L4</u>
<u>L3</u>	L2 same jejuni	1	<u>L3</u>
<u>L2</u>	alpha 2,3-sialyltransferase	25	<u>L2</u>
<u>L1</u>	alpha 2,3-sialyltranasferase	0	<u>L1</u>

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

f

rst Hit

Previous Doc

Next Doc

Go to Doc#

Generate Collection

Print

L6: Entry 48 of 81

File: PGPB

Mar 21, 2002

DCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 20020034805 A1

ITLE: FUSION PROTEINS FOR USE IN ENZYMATIC SYNTHYESIS OF OLIGOSACCHARIDES

etail Description Paragraph:

0071] Sialyltransferases from prokaryotes have been described by, for example, Weisgerber et 1. (1991) Glycobiol. 1:357-365; Frosch, M. et al. (1991) Mol. Microbiol. 5:1251-1263; and albert, M. et al. (1996) J. Biol. Chem. 271:28271-28276. It has been suggested that the acterial sialyltransferases might have a wider spectrum of acceptors than their mammalian ounterparts (Kajihara, Y. et al. (1996) J. Org. Chem. 61:8632-8635 and Gilbert et al., Eur. iochem. 249: 187-194-(1997)).

etail Description Paragraph:

0088] The invention also provides fusion polypeptides that are useful for sialylation eactions. These fusion polypeptides include a catalytic domain from a <u>sialyltransferase</u> and atalytic domain from a CMP-sialic acid synthetase (EC 2.7.7.43, CMP-N-acetylneuraminic acid ynthetase). Such genes are available from, for example, Mus musculus (GenBank AJ006215, unster et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 95: 9140-9145 (1998)), rat (Rodriguez-Aparicio 1. (1992) J Biol. Chem. 267: 9257-63), Haemophilus ducreyi (Tullius et al. (1996) J. Biol. hem. 271: 15373-80), Neisseria meningitidis (Ganguli et al. (1994) J. <u>Bacteriol</u>. 176: 4583-9 roup B streptococci (Haft et al. (1994) J. <u>Bacteriol</u>. 176: 7372-4), and E. coli (GenBank 05023, Zapata et al. (1989) J. Biol. Chem. 264: 14769-14774). Alternatively, fusion proteins or sialylation reactions can have a catalytic domain from either or both of GlcNAc 2' pimerase (EC 5.1.3.8), which converts GlcNAc to ManNAc, and neuraminic acid aldolase (EC .1.3.3; SwissProt Accession No. P06995), which in turn converts the ManNAc to sialic acid.

Previous Doc Next Doc Go to Doc#

Print Selection

Select All Clear	Cancel	Print	Print First Page
------------------	--------	-------	------------------

	Section:		<u> </u>	Page(s):	Print Copy: 1
Select?	Document ID	Section(s)	Page(s)	# Pages to print	Database
V	6709834	all	all	N/A	PGPB,USPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI
Ø	6689604	all	all	N/A	PGPB,USPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI
I	6503744	all	all	N/A	PGPB,USPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI
I	6699705	all	all	N/A	PGPB,USPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI
	6399336	all	all	N/A	PGPB,USPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI
V	6096529	all	all	N/A	PGPB,USPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI
V	5962294	all	all	N/A	PGPB,USPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI
V	5908766	all	all	N/A	PGPB,USPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI
Image: section of the	6255094	all	all	N/A	PGPB,USPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI
	5827714	all	all	N/A	PGPB,USPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI
V	US6255094B	all	all	N/A	PGPB,USPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI

Building	Room	Printer	
rem 🔻	02c18 💌	gbumptr 💌	

L1

L2

L3

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:51:26 ON 12 OCT 2004)

INDEX 'ADISCTI, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, AQUALINE, ANABSTR, ANTE, AQUASCI, BIOBUSINESS, BIOCOMMERCE, BIOENG, BIOSIS, BIOTECHABS, BIOTECHDS, BIOTECHNO, CABA, CANCERLIT, CAPLUS, CEABA-VTB, CEN, CIN, CONFSCI, CROPB, CROPU, DISSABS, DDFB, DDFU, DGENE, ...' ENTERED AT 14:00:32 ON 12 OCT 2004 SEA ALPHA 2,3-SIALYLTRANSFERASE

```
FILE ADISCTI
     FILE AGRICOLA
 1
 3
     FILE ANABSTR
     FILE BIOBUSINESS
     FILE BIOCOMMERCE
 1
      FILE BIOENG
15
      FILE BIOSIS
223
      FILE BIOTECHNO
160
      FILE CABA
15
      FILE CANCERLIT
98
      FILE CAPLUS
327
     FILE CEABA-VTB
 8 .
      FILE CIN
 1
      FILE DISSABS
 19
      FILE EMBAL
  1
      FILE EMBASE
209
      FILE ESBIOBASE
142
      FILE FEDRIP
 1
      FILE FROSTI
  2
```

FILE JICST-EPLUS 14 FILE LIFESCI 102

1

383

58

FILE IFIPAT

FILE GENBANK

FILE FSTA

FILE MEDLINE 266

FILE PASCAL 110

FILE PROMT 1

FILE SCISEARCH

320 FILE TOXCENTER 75

FILE USPATFULL 262

FILE USPAT2 7

FILE WPIDS 27

27 FILE WPINDEX

QUE ALPHA 2,3-SIALYLTRANSFERASE

FILE 'CAPLUS, SCISEARCH, MEDLINE, USPATFULL, BIOSIS, EMBASE, BIOTECHNO, ESBIOBASE, PASCAL, LIFESCI, CANCERLIT' ENTERED AT 14:04:01 ON 12 OCT 2004

47 S L1 AND JEJUNI

37 DUP REM L2 (10 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

ANSWER 1 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:33951 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Lipopolysaccharide .alpha.-2,

3 sialyltransferase of Campylobacter

jejuni and its uses

INVENTOR(S):

Gilbert, Michel, Hull, CANADA

Wakarchuk, Warren W., Gloucester, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

National Research Council of Canada, Ottawa, CANADA

(non-U.S. corporation)

KIND DATE NUMBER _____ US 6689604 B1 20040210 US 1999-272960 19990318 PATENT INFORMATION: 19990318 (9) APPLICATION INFO .:

> NUMBER DATE _____

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 1998-78891P 19980320 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Smith, Lynette R. F. ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Portner, Ginny Allen

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Townsend and Townsend and Crew LLP

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

3 Drawing Figure(s); 4 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The structure and specificity of a recombinant .alpha.

2,3-sialyltransferase from Campylobacter

spp., is disclosed. Also provided are methods for using the .

alpha.2,3-sialyltransferase in the

production of desired carbohydrate structures and nucleic acids that encode the sialyltransferase.

ANSWER 2 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:233335 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Nucleic acids encoding sialytransferases from C.

INVENTOR(S):

Gilbert, Michel, Hull, CANADA

Wakarchuk, Warren W., Gloucester, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

National Research Council of Canada, Ottawa, CANADA

(non-U.S. corporation)

KIND DATE NUMBER ______

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.: US 2004180406 A1 20040916 US 2003-735419 A1 20031211 (10)

Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-816028, filed on 21

Mar 2001, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6699705

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-495406, filed

on 31 Jan 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6503744

NUMBER DATE ______

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

US 1999-118213P 19990201 (60)

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

4 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 5466

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides prokaryotic glycosyltransferases, including a bifunctional sialyltransferase that has both an α2,3- and an α2,8-activity. A β1,4-GalNAc transferase and a β1,3-galactosyltransferase are also provided by the invention, as are other glycosyltransferases and enzymes involved in synthesis of lipooligosaccharide (LOS). The glycosyltransferases can be obtained from, for example, Campylobacter species, including C. jejuni. In additional embodiments, the invention provides nucleic acids that encode the glycosyltransferases, as well as expression vectors and host

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:202948 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Haemophilus influenzae sialyltransferase and methods of

use thereof

cells for expressing the glycosyltransferases.

INVENTOR(S):

Apicella, Michael A., Solon, IA, UNITED STATES Gibson, Bradford W., Berkeley, CA, UNITED STATES Phillips, Nancy J., Berkeley, CA, UNITED STATES Jones, Paul A., Coralville, IA, UNITED STATES

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility APPLICATION

FILE SEGMENT: A LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: S

Schwegman, Lundberg, Woessner & Kluth, P.A., P.O. Box

2938, Minneapolis, MN, 55402

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

4 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

2265

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention is directed to sialytransferases, such as SiaA sialytransferases isolated from Haemophilus influenzae. Further provided herein are methods for producing sialylated lipooligosaccharides, vaccines, and host cells and systems for the production of sialylated lipooligosaccharides.

L3 ANSWER 4 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:196860 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Lipopolysaccharide alpha -2,

3 sialyltransferase of campylobacter

jejuni and its uses

INVENTOR(S):

Gilbert, Michel, Hull, CANADA

Wakarchuk, Warren W., Glouchester, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

National Research Council of Canada, Ottawa, CANADA

(non-U.S. corporation)

APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Division of Ser. No. US 2002-58636, filed on 29 Jan 2002, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6709834 Division of Ser. No. US 1999-272960, filed on 18 Mar 1999, GRANTED, Pat. No.

US 6689604

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 1998-78891P 19980320 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO

CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

34

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

4 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

1545

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The structure and specificity of a recombinant .alpha.

2,3-sialyltransferase from Campylobacter

spp., is disclosed. Also provided are methods for using the .

alpha.2,3-sialyltransferase in the

production of desired carbohydrate structures and nucleic acids that encode the sialyltransferase.

ANSWER 5 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:184970 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Glycoconjugation methods and proteins/peptides produced

by the methods

INVENTOR(S):

DeFrees, Shawn, North Wales, PA, UNITED STATES

Zopf, David, Wayne, PA, UNITED STATES

Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Bowe, Caryn, Doylestown, PA, UNITED STATES Hakes, David, Willow Grove, PA, UNITED STATES

Chen, Xi, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Neose Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
ON:	US 2004142856	A1	20040722	

PATENT INFORMATIO APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2003-410913 A1 20030409 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360779, filed on 19 Feb 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360770, filed on 6 Jan 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-287994, filed

on 5 Nov 2002, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO 2002-US32263, filed on 9 Oct 2002, PENDING

NUMBER	DATE

PRIORITY	INFORMATION:
----------	--------------

US	2002-407527P	20020828	(60)
US	2002-407527P	20020828	(60)
US	2002-404249P	20020816	(60)
US	2002-396594P	20020717	(60)
US	2002-391777P	20020625	(60)
US	2002-387292P	20020607	(60)
US	2001-334301P	20011128	(60)
US	2001-334233P	20011128	(60)
US	2001-334692P	20011121	(60)
US	2001-328523P	20011010	(60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

88

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

497 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

16544

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention includes methods and compositions for remodeling a peptide molecule, including the addition or deletion of one or more glycosyl groups to a peptide, and/or the addition of a modifying group to a peptide.

ANSWER 6 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN L3 2004:178391 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER: Remodeling and glycoconjugation of peptides TITLE: DeFrees, Shawn, North Wales, PA, UNITED STATES INVENTOR(S): Zopf, David, Wayne, PA, UNITED STATES Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Bowe, Caryn, Doylestown, PA, UNITED STATES Hakes, David, Willow Grove, PA, UNITED STATES Chen, Xi, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES Neose Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation) PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): KIND DATE NUMBER ______ PATENT INFORMATION: US 2004137557 A1 20040715 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2002-287994 A1 20021105 (10) RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. WO 2002-US32263, filed on 9 Oct 2002, PENDING DATE NUMBER PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2002-407527P 20020828 (60)
US 2002-404249P 20020816 (60)
US 2002-396594P 20020717 (60)
US 2002-391777P 20020625 (60)
US 2002-387292P 20020607 (60)
US 2001-334301P 20011128 (60)
US 2001-334233P 20011128 (60) Utility APPLICATION DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT: LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921 447 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1 345 Drawing Page(s) NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 16205 LINE COUNT: CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. The invention includes methods and compositions for remodeling a peptide AB molecule, including the addition or deletion of one or more glycosyl groups to a peptide, and/or the addition of a modifying group a peptide. ANSWER 7 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN 2004:172476 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER: Glycopegylation methods and proteins/peptides produced TITLE: by the methods DeFrees, Shawn, North Wales, PA, UNITED STATES INVENTOR (S): Zopf, David, Wayne, PA, UNITED STATES Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Bowe, Caryn, Doylestown, PA, UNITED STATES Hakes, David, Willow Grove, PA, UNITED STATES Chen, Xi, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES Neose Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation) PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): NUMBER KIND DATE ______ US 2004132640 A1 20040708 US 2003-411012 A1 20030409 (10) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO .: Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2002-US32263, filed RELATED APPLN. INFO.: on 9 Oct 2002, PENDING NUMBER DATE _____ US 2002-407527P 20020828 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2002-404249P 20020816 (60) US 2002-396594P 20020717 (60)

US 2002-391777P 20020625 (60) US 2002-387292P 20020607 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

77

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

497 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

19255

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention includes methods and compositions for remodeling a peptide molecule, including the addition or deletion of one or more glycosyl groups to a peptide, and/or the addition of a modifying group to a

peptide.

ANSWER 8 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:165351 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Follicle stimulating hormone: remodeling and

glycoconjugation of FSH

INVENTOR(S):

DeFrees, Shawn, North Wales, PA, UNITED STATES

Zopf, David, Wayne, PA, UNITED STATES

Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Bowe, Caryn, Doylestown, PA, UNITED STATES Hakes, David, Willow Grove, PA, UNITED STATES

Chen, Xi, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Neose Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE US 2004126838 A1 20040701

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2003-410997 A1 20030409 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360779, filed on 19 Feb 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360770, filed on 6 Jan 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-287994, filed on 5 Nov 2002, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO

2002-US32263, filed on 9 Oct 2002, PENDING

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2002-407527P 20020828 (60) 20020816 (60) US 2002-404249P US 2002-396594P 20020717 (60) US 2002-391777P 20020625 (60) US 2002-387292P 20020607 (60) US 2001-334301P 20011128 (60) US 2001-334233P 20011128 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

115

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

497 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 19355

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention includes methods and compositions for remodeling a peptide molecule, including the addition or deletion of one or more glycosyl groups to a peptide, and/or the addition of a modifying group to a

peptide.

ANSWER 9 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:150947 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Interferon beta: remodeling and glycoconjugation of

interferon beta

INVENTOR(S):

DeFrees, Shawn, North Wales, PA, UNITED STATES

Zopf, David, Wayne, PA, UNITED STATES

Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Bowe, Caryn, Doylestown, PA, UNITED STATES Hakes, David, Willow Grove, PA, UNITED STATES

Chen, Xi, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Neose Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

KIND DATE NUMBER ______ US 2004115168 Al 20040617

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2003-410930 A1 20030409 (10)

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360779, filed RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

on 19 Feb 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360770, filed on 6 Jan 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-287994, filed on 5 Nov 2002, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO

2002-US32263, filed on 9 Oct 2002, PENDING

DATE NUMBER ______

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2002-407527P 20020828 (60) US 2002-404249P US 2002-396594P 20020816 (60) 20020717 (60) 20020625 (60) US 2002-391777P US 2002-387292P 20020607 (60) US 2001-334301P 20011128 (60) 20011128 (60) US 2001-334233P 20011019 (60) US 2001-344692P US 2001-328523P 20011010 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

APPLICATION MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

119

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

1 497 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

19412

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention includes methods and compositions for remodeling a peptide molecule, including the addition or deletion of one or more glycosyl groups to a peptide, and/or the addition of a modifying group to a peptide.

ANSWER 10 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:107626 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Interferon alpha: remodeling and glycoconjugation of

interferon alpha

INVENTOR(S):

DeFrees, Shawn, North Wales, PA, UNITED STATES

Zopf, David, Wayne, PA, UNITED STATES

Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Bowe, Caryn, Doylestown, PA, UNITED STATES Hakes, David, Willow Grove, PA, UNITED STATES

Chen, Xi, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Neose Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.: US 2004082026 A1 20040429 US 2003-411049 A1 20030409 (10)

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360779, filed on 19 Feb 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser.

No. US 2003-360770, filed on 6 Jan 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-287994, filed on 5 Nov 2002, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO 2002-US32263, filed on 9 Oct 2002, PENDING

	2002-0332263, Titled Oil 9 Oct 2002, 1232233
	NUMBER DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2002-407527P 20020828 (60)
PRIORITI INFORMATION.	US 2002-404249P 20020816 (60)
	US 2002-396594P 20020717 (60)
	US 2002-391777P 20020625 (60)
	US 2002-387292P 20020607 (60)
	US 2001-334301P 20011128 (60)
	US 2001-334233P 20011128 (60)
	US 2001-344692P 20011019 (60)
	US 2001-328523P 20011010 (60)
DOCUMENT TYPE:	Utility
FILE SEGMENT:	APPLICATION
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:	MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921
NUMBER OF CLAIMS:	126
EXEMPLARY CLAIM:	
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:	497 Drawing Page(s)
LINE COUNT:	19445
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILAB	aludes a multitude of methods and compositions for
AB The invention in	cludes a multitude of methods and compositions for tide molecule, including the addition or deletion of one
remodeling a pep	groups to a peptide, and/or the addition of a modifying
group to a pepti	
group to a pepti	ue.
L3 ANSWER 11 OF 37 U	SPATFULL on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:	2004:101966 USPATFULL
TITLE:	Granulocyte colony stimulating factor: remodeling and
	glycoconjugation of G-CSF
INVENTOR(S):	DeFrees, Shawn, North Wales, PA, UNITED STATES
	Zopf, David, Wayne, PA, UNITED STATES
	Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES
	Bowe, Caryn, Doylestown, PA, UNITED STATES
	Hakes, David, Willow Grove, PA, UNITED STATES
	Chen, Xi, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):	Neose Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation)
	NUMBER KIND DATE
DAMPING THEODMANION	TO 2004077026 N1 20040422
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2004077836 A1 20040422 US 2003-410962 A1 20030409 (10)
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2003-410962 Al 20030409 (10) Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360779, filed
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	on 19 Feb 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser.
	No. US 2003-360770, filed on 6 Jan 2003, PENDING
	Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-287994, filed
	on 5 Nov 2002, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO
•	2002-US32263, filed on 9 Oct 2002, PENDING
	2002 020200, 22200 000 000 2002, 0000
	NUMBER DATE
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US 2002-407527P 20020828 (60)
INTONITI INTONIBILION.	
	US 2002-404249P 20020816 (60)

		NUMBER	DATE	
PRIORITY INFORMATION:	US	2002-407527P	20020828	(60)
	US	2002-404249P	20020816	(60)
	US	2002-396594P	20020717	(60)
	US	2002-391777P	20020625	(60)
	US	2002-387292P	20020607	(60)
	US	2001-334301P	20011128	(60)
	US	2001-334233P	20011128	(60)
	US	2001-344692P	20011019	(60)
	US	2001-328523P	20011010	(60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

111 1

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

497 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

19316

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB

The invention includes methods and compositions for remodeling a peptide molecule, including the addition or deletion of one or more glycosyl groups to a peptide, and/or the addition of a modifying group to a

peptide.

L3 ANSWER 12 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:83455 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Protein remodeling methods and proteins/peptides

produced by the methods

INVENTOR (S):

DeFrees, Shawn, North Wales, PA, UNITED STATES

Zopf, David, Wayne, PA, UNITED STATES

Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Hakes, David, Willow Grove, PA, UNITED STATES

Chen, Xi, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Neose Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2004063911 A1 20040401

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2003-411026 A1 20030409 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360779, filed on 19 Feb 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2003-360770, filed on 6 Jan 2003, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-287994, filed

on 5 Nov 2002, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. WO

2002-US32263, filed on 9 Oct 2002, PENDING

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2002-407527P 20020828 (60)
US 2002-404249P 20020816 (60)
US 2002-396594P 20020717 (60)
US 2002-391777P 20020625 (60)
US 2002-387292P 20020607 (60)
US 2001-334301P 20011128 (60)
US 2001-334233P 20011128 (60)
US 2001-344692P 20011019 (60)
US 2001-328523P 20011010 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

39

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:
NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

497 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

18872

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB

The invention includes methods and compositions for remodeling a peptide molecule, including the addition or deletion of one or more glycosyl groups to a peptide, and/or the addition of a modifying group to a peptide.

L3 ANSWER 13 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:57444 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Alpha galalctosidase a: remodeling and glycoconjugation

of alpha galactosidase A

DeFrees, Shawn, North Wales, PA, UNITED STATES TNVENTOR (S):

Zopf, David, Wayne, PA, UNITED STATES

Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Bowe, Caryn, Doylestown, PA, UNITED STATES Hakes, David, Willow Grove, PA, UNITED STATES

Chen, Xi, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES

Neose Technologies, Inc. (U.S. corporation) PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER KIND A1 20040304

US 2004043446 PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2003-411037 A1 20030409 (10) APPLICATION INFO .:

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2002-US32263, filed RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

on 9 Oct 2002, PENDING

NUMBER

US 2002-407527P 20020828 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2002-404249P 20020816 (60)

US 2002-396594P 20020717 (60) US 2002-391777P 20020625 (60)

US 2002-387292P 20020607 (60)

Utility DOCUMENT TYPE: APPLICATION FILE SEGMENT:

MORGAN, LEWIS & BOCKIUS LLP, 1701 MARKET STREET, LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-2921

122 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 1 EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

497 Drawing Page(s) NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

19395 LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention includes methods and compositions for remodeling a peptide molecule, including the addition or deletion of one or more glycosyl groups to a peptide, and/or the addition of a modifying group to a peptide.

ANSWER 14 OF 37 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN

2004:237501 BIOSIS ACCESSION NUMBER: PREV200400237395 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Lipopolysaccharide alpha-2,3 sialytransferase of TITLE:

campylobacter jejuni and its uses.

Gilbert, Michel [Inventor, Reprint Author]; Wakarchuk, AUTHOR(S):

Warren W. [Inventor]

Ouebec, Canada CORPORATE SOURCE:

ASSIGNEE: National Research Council of Canada, Ottawa,

Canada

PATENT INFORMATION: US 6709834 March 23, 2004

SOURCE:

Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark

Office Patents, (Mar 23 2004) Vol. 1280, No. 4. http://www.uspto.gov/web/menu/patdata.html. e-file.

ISSN: 0098-1133 (ISSN print).

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE:

English

Entered STN: 28 Apr 2004 ENTRY DATE:

Last Updated on STN: 28 Apr 2004

The structure and specificity of a recombinant alpha2,3-sialyltransferase AR from Campylobacter spp., is disclosed. Also provided are methods for using the alpha2,3-sialyltransferase in the production of desired carbohydrate structures and nucleic acids that encode the sialyltransferase.

ACCESSION NUMBER:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

2004:106956 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:316978

TITLE:

Structural analysis of the sialyltransferase CstII

from Campylobacter jejuni in complex with a

substrate analog

AUTHOR (S):

Chiu, Cecilia P. C.; Watts, Andrew G.; Lairson, Luke L.; Gilbert, Michel; Lim, Daniel; Wakarchuk, Warren W.; Withers, Stephen G.; Strynadka, Natalie C. J. Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, BC, V6T

1Z3, Can.

SOURCE:

Nature Structural & Molecular Biology (2004), 11(2),

163-170

CODEN: NSMBCU; ISSN: 1545-9993

PUBLISHER:

Nature Publishing Group

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE: English

Sialic acid terminates oligosaccharide chains on mammalian and microbial cell surfaces, playing critical roles in recognition and adherence. The enzymes that transfer the sialic acid moiety from cytidine-5'-monophospho-N-acetyl-neuraminic acid (CMP-NeuAc) to the terminal positions of these key glycoconjugates are known as sialyltransferases. Despite their important biol. roles, little is understood about the mechanism or mol. structure of these membrane-associated enzymes. We report the first structure of a sialyltransferase, that of CstII from Campylobacter jejuni, a highly prevalent foodborne pathogen. Our structural, mutagenesis and kinetic data provide support for a novel mode of substrate binding and glycosyl transfer mechanism, including essential roles of a histidine (general base) and two tyrosine residues (coordination of the phosphate leaving group). This work provides a framework for understanding the activity of several sialyltransferases, from bacterial to human, and for the structure-based design of specific inhibitors.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 53 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 16 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:257784 USPATFULL

TITLE:

In vitro modification of glycosylation patterns of

recombinant glycopeptides

INVENTOR(S):

Bayer, Robert J., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Neose Technologies, Inc., Horsham, PA (U.S.

corporation)

53

NUMBER DATE KIND

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

A1 20030925 A1 20030317 US 2003180835

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2003-391035 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-855320, filed on 14

May 2001, PENDING

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

US 2000-203851P 20000512 (60) Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO

CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

55

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

5 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

2077

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides methods for modifying glycosylation patterns of glycopeptides, including recombinantly produced glycopeptides. Also

provided are glycopeptide compositions in which the glycopeptides have a uniform glycosylation pattern.

ANSWER 17 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:225846 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Polypeptides having beta-1,4-GalNAc transferase

activity

INVENTOR(S):

Gilbert, Michel, Hull, CANADA

Wakarchuk, Warren W., Gloucester, CANADA

National Research Council of Canada, Ottawa, CANADA, PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

K1A OR6 (non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2003157658 A1 20030821 US 6723545 B2 20040420

APPLICATION INFO .:

US 2002-303162 A1 20021121 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Division of Ser. No. US 2001-816028, filed on 21 Mar 2001, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2000-495406, filed on 31 Jan 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US

6503744

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 1999-118213P 19990201 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT:

Utility APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

1

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

4 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

5466

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides prokaryotic glycosyltransferases, including a AΒ bifunctional sialyltransferase that has both an $\alpha 2\,,3\,\text{-}$ and an α 2,8-activity. A β 1,4-GalNAc transferase and a β 1,3-galactosyltransferase are also provided by the invention, as are other glycosyltransferases and enzymes involved in synthesis of lipooligosaccharide (LOS). The glycosyltransferases can be obtained from, for example, Campylobacter species, including C. jejuni.

In additional embodiments, the invention provides nucleic acids that encode the glycosyltransferases, as well as expression vectors and host cells for expressing the glycosyltransferases.

ANSWER 18 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:225845 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Polypeptides having beta-1,3-galactosyl transferase

activity

INVENTOR (S):

Gilbert, Michel, Hull, CANADA

Wakarchuk, Warren W., Gloucester, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

National Research Council of Canada, Ottawa, CANADA

(non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE -------US 2003157657 A1 20030821 US 2002-303134 A1 20021121 (10)

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO .:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

Division of Ser. No. US 2001-816028, filed on 21 Mar

2001, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-495406, filed on 31 Jan 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US

6503744

DATE

NUMBER

US 1999-118213P 19990201 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

APPLICATION FILE SEGMENT:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO

CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

4 Drawing Page(s) NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT: 5460

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides prokaryotic glycosyltransferases, including a

bifunctional sialyltransferase that has both an $\alpha 2,3$ - and an

 α 2,8-activity. A β 1,4-GalNAc transferase and a

β1,3-galactosyltransferase are also provided by the invention, as are other glycosyltransferases and enzymes involved in synthesis of lipooligosaccharide (LOS). The glycosyltransferases can be obtained from, for example, Campylobacter species, including C. jejuni. In additional embodiments, the invention provides nucleic acids that encode the glycosyltransferases, as well as expression vectors and host

cells for expressing the glycosyltransferases.

ANSWER 19 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:225844 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Nucleic acids encoding beta-1,4-GaINAc transferase

Gilbert, Michel, Hull, CANADA INVENTOR(S):

Wakarchuk, Warren W., Gloucester, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

National Research Council of Canada, Ottawa, CANADA

(non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE ________

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2003157656 A1 20030821 US 2002-303128 A1 20021121 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 2001-816028, filed on 21 Mar 2001, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-495406, filed on 31 Jan 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US

6503744

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 1999-118213P 19990201 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

42

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

4 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

5474

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides prokaryotic glycosyltransferases, including a

bifunctional sialyltransferase that has both an $\alpha 2,3$ - and an

 α 2,8-activity. A β 1,4-GalNAc transferase and a

β1,3-galactosyltransferase are also provided by the invention, as are other glycosyltransferases and enzymes involved in synthesis of lipooligosaccharide (LOS), The glycosyltransferases can be obtained from, for example, Campylobacter species, including C. jejuni.

In additional embodiments, the invention provides nucleic acids that encode the glycosyltransferases, as well as expression vectors and host cells for expressing the glycosyltransferases.

ANSWER 20 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

2003:225843 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE:

Nucleic acids encoding polypeptides with beta-1,3-galactosyl transferase activity

INVENTOR(S):

Gilbert, Michel, Hull, CANADA

Wakarchuk, Warren W., Gloucester, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

National Research Council of Canada, Ottawa, CANADA, C

(non-U.S. corporation)

KIND NUMBER

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2003157655 A1 20030821 US 2002-303118 A1 20021121

APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.: (10)

Division of Ser. No. US 2001-816028, filed on 21 Mar 2001, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US

2000-495406, filed on 31 Jan 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US

6503744

NUMBER DATE _______

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 1999-118213P 19990201 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO

CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

1

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

4 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

5465

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides prokaryotic glycosyltransferases, including a AB

bifunctional sialyltransferase that has both an $\alpha 2,3$ - and an

 $\alpha 2,8\text{-activity}.$ A $\beta 1,4\text{-GalNAc}$ transferase and a

 β 1,3-galactosyltransferase are also provided by the invention, as are other glycosyltransferases and enzymes involved in synthesis of lipooligosaccharide (LOS). The glycosyltransferases can be obtained

from, for example, Campylobacter species, including C. jejuni.

In additional embodiments, the invention provides nucleic acids that encode the glycosyltransferases, as well as expression vectors and host

cells for expressing the glycosyltransferases.

ANSWER 21 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN L3

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:213821 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Polypeptides having sialyltransferase activity

INVENTOR (S): Gilbert, Michel, Hull, CANADA

Wakarchuk, Warren W., Gloucester, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

National Research Council of Canada, Ottawa, CANADA

(non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE _____

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2003148459 A1 20030807 US 2002-303161 A1 20021121 (10)

Division of Ser. No. US 2001-816028, filed on 21 Mar RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

> 2001, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-495406, filed on 31 Jan 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US

6503744

NUMBER DATE ______

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 1999-118213P 19990201 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

4 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

5430

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides prokaryotic glycosyltransferases, including a bifunctional sialyltransferase that has both an $\alpha 2,3$ - and an α 2,8-activity. A β 1,4-GalNAc transferase and a

 β 1,3-galactosyltransferase are also provided by the invention, as are other glycosyltransferases and enzymes involved in synthesis of lipooligosaccharide (LOS). The glycosyltransferases can be obtained from, for example, Campylobacter species, including C. jejuni.

In additional embodiments, the invention provides nucleic acids that encode the glycosyltransferases, as well as expression vectors and host cells for expressing the glycosyltransferases.

ANSWER 22 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN Ь3

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:180815 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Practical in vitro sialylation of recombinant

glycoproteins

INVENTOR(S):

Paulson, James C., Del Mar, CA, UNITED STATES Bayer, Robert J., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Sjoberg, Eric, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Neose Technologies, Inc., Horsham, PA, UNITED STATES

(U.S. corporation)

KIND DATE NUMBER ______

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2003124645 A1 20030703 US 2002-219120 A1 20020813 (10)

APPLICATION INFO.:

Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-7331, filed on 9 Nov RELATED APPLN. INFO.: 2001, PENDING Division of Ser. No. US 1998-7741, filed

on 15 Jan 1998, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6399336

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

WO 1998-US835 19980115 US 1997-35710P 19970116 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO

CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1 2 Drawing Page(s)

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: LINE COUNT:

1146

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides methods for practical in vitro sialylation of glycoproteins, including recombinantly produced glycoproteins. The methods are useful for large-scale modification of sialylation patterns.

ANSWER 23 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:70985 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Lipopolysaccharide alpha-2,

3 sialyltransferase of Campylobacter

jejuni and its uses

INVENTOR(S):

Gilbert, Michel, Quebec, CANADA

Wakarchuk, Warren W., Ontario, CANADA

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

National Research Council of Canada, Ottawa, CANADA

(non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE _____ US 2003049270 A1 20030313 PATENT INFORMATION: US 6709834 B2 20040323

A1 20020129 (10) US 2002-58636 APPLICATION INFO .:

Division of Ser. No. US 1999-272960, filed on 18 Mar RELATED APPLN. INFO .:

1999, PENDING

DATE NUMBER ______

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 1998-78891P 19980320 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

4 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

1545

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The structure and specificity of a recombinant .alpha.

2,3-sialyltransferase from Campylobacter

spp., is disclosed. Also provided are methods for using the .

alpha.2,3-sialyltransferase in the

production of desired carbohydrate structures and nucleic acids that

encode the sialyltransferase.

ANSWER 24 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN T.3

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:57473 USPATFULL

TITLE:

In vitro modification of glycosylation patterns of

recombinant glycopeptides

INVENTOR(S):

Bayer, Robert J., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Neose Technologies, Inc., Horsham, PA, UNITED STATES

(U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE ______

PATENT INFORMATION:

US 2003040037

A1 20030227

APPLICATION INFO.: RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

A1 20020813 (10) US 2002-219197 Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-855320, filed on 14

May 2001, PENDING

NUMBER DATE ______

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

WO 2001-US15693 20010514 US 2000-203851P

20000512 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

5 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

2071

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB

This invention provides methods for modifying glycosylation patterns of glycopeptides, including recombinantly produced glycopeptides. Also provided are glycopeptide compositions in which the glycopeptides have a

uniform glycosylation pattern.

ANSWER 25 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:3494 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Vitro modification of glycosylation patterns of

recombinant glycopeptides

INVENTOR (S):

Bayer, Robert J., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Neose Technologies, Inc., Horsham, PA, UNITED STATES

(U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE US 2003003529 A1 20030102 US 2002-198806 A1 20020719 (10) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 2001-855320, filed on 14 May RELATED APPLN. INFO.: 2001, PENDING NUMBER DATE WO 2001-US15693 20010514 US 2000-203851P 20000512 (60) PRIORITY INFORMATION: Utility DOCUMENT TYPE: APPLICATION FILE SEGMENT: TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 1 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 5 Drawing Page(s) NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: LINE COUNT: 2076 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. This invention provides methods for modifying glycosylation patterns of glycopeptides, including recombinantly produced glycopeptides. Also provided are glycopeptide compositions in which the glycopeptides have a uniform qlycosylation pattern. ANSWER 26 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN 2003:6819 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER: Campylobacter glycosyltransferases for biosynthesis of TITLE: gangliosides and ganglioside mimics Gilbert, Michel, Hull, CANADA INVENTOR(S): Wakarchuk, Warren W., Gloucester, CANADA National Research Council of Canada, Ottawa, CANADA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): (non-U.S. corporation) NUMBER KIND DATE US 6503744 B1 20030107 PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.: US 2000-495406 20000131 (9) NUMBER DATE _____ PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 1999-118213P 19990201 (60) DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility GRANTED FILE SEGMENT: PRIMARY EXAMINER: Prouty, Rebecca E. ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Rao, Manjunath N. LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Townsend and Townsend and Crew LLP NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 7 Drawing Figure(s); 4 Drawing Page(s) NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: LINE COUNT: 4086 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. This invention provides prokaryotic glycosyltransferases, including a AB bifunctional sialyltransferase that has both an $\alpha 2,3$ - and an α 2,8-activity. A β 1,4-GalNAc transferase and a β 1,3-galactosyltransferase are also provided by the invention, as are other glycosyltransferases and enzymes involved in synthesis of lipooligosaccharide (LOS). The glycosyltransferases can be obtained from, for example, Campylobacter species, including C. jejuni. In additional embodiments, the invention provides nucleic acids that encode the glycosyltransferases, as well as expression vectors and host

cells for expressing the glycosyltransferases.

L3

on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:443221 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 680EE

TITLE:

Large-scale in vivo synthesis of the carbohydrate moieties of gangliosides GM1 and GM2 by metabolically engineered

Escherichia coli

AUTHOR:

Antoine T (Reprint); Priem B; Heyraud A; Greffe L; Gilbert

M; Wakarchuk B W; Lam J S; Samain E

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Ctr Rech Macromol Vegetales, 601 Rue Chim, BP 53X, F-38041

Grenoble 09, France (Reprint); Ctr Rech Macromol

Vegetales, F-38041 Grenoble 09, France; Natl Res Council Canada, Inst Biol Sci, Ottawa, ON K1A OR6, Canada; Univ

Guelph, Dept Microbiol, Guelph, ON N1G 2W1, Canada

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR:

France; Canada

SOURCE:

CHEMBIOCHEM, (9 MAY 2003) Vol. 4, No. 5, pp. 406-412. Publisher: WILEY-V C H VERLAG GMBH, PO BOX 10 11 61,

D-69451 WEINHEIM, GERMANY.

ISSN: 1439-4227.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Article; Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

REFERENCE COUNT:

28

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS

Two metabolically engineered Escherichia coli strains have been constructed to produce the carbohydrate moieties of gangliosides GM2 (GalNAcbeta-4 (NeuAcalpha-3) Galbeta-4Glc; Gal=galactose, Glc=glucose Ac=acetyl) and GM1 (Galbeta-3GalNAcbeta-4(NeuAcalpha-3)Galbeta-4Glc. The GM2 oligosaccharide-producing strain TA02 Was devoid of both beta-galactosidase and sialic acid aldolase activities and overexpressed the genes for CMP-NeuAc Synthase (CMP = cytidine monophosphate),

alpha-2,3-sialyltransferase

UDP-GlcNAc (UDP=uridine diphosphate) C4 epimerase, and beta-1,4-GalNAc transferase. When this strain was cultivated on glycerol, exogenously added lactose and sialic acid were shown to be actively internalized into the cytoplasm and converted into GM2 oligosaccharide. The in vivo synthesis of GM1 oligosaccharide was achieved, by taking a similar approach but using strain TAGS, which additionally overexpressed the gene for beta-1,3-galactosyltransferase. In high-cell-density cultures, the production yields for the GM2 and GM1 oligosaccharides were 1.25 g L-1 and 0,89 g L-1, respectively.

ANSWER 28 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:276514 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:320378

TITLE:

Campylobacter glycosyltransferase genes and enzymes for biosynthesis of gangliosides and ganglioside

INVENTOR(S):

Gilbert, Michel; Wakarchuk, Warren W.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

National Research Council of Canada, Can.

SOURCE:

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 84 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.

Ser. No. 495,406.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2002042369	A1	20020411	US 2001-816028	20010321
US 6699705	B2	20040302	•	
US 6503744	B1	20030107	US 2000-495406	20000131
WO 2002074942	A2	20020926	WO 2002-CA229	20020222
WO 2002074942	A3	20030313		
WO 2002074942	B1	20030703		

```
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
             CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EE, ES,
            FI, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG,
            KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,
            MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SK,
            SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW,
             AM, AZ, BY,
                         KG
         RW: GH, GM, KE,
                        LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH,
             CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                                                   20020222
                                            EP 2002-703414
     EP 1385941
                          A2
                                20040204
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
                          T2
                                20040812
                                            JP 2002-574334
                                                                   20020222
     JP 2004524033
                                           US 2002-303161
                                                                   20021121
    US 2003148459
                          Α1
                                20030807
                                            US 2002-303118
                                                                   20021121
    US 2003157655
                          A1
                                20030821
                                            US 2002-303128
                                                                   20021121
    US 2003157656
                          A1
                                20030821
                                            US 2002-303134
                                                                   20021121
    US 2003157657
                          A1
                                20030821
                                            US 2002-303162
                                                                   20021121
    US 2003157658
                         Α1
                                20030821
    US 6723545
                         B2
                                20040420
                                            US 2003-735419
                                                                   20031211
     US 2004180406
                         A1
                                20040916
                                                                P 19990201
                                            US 1999-118213P
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                            US 2000-495406
                                                                A2 20000131
                                                                A 20010321
                                            US 2001-816028
                                                                W 20020222
                                            WO 2002-CA229
     This invention provides Campylobacter jejuni
```

AB glycosyltransferases, including a bifunctional sialyltransferase that has both an $\alpha 2,3$ - and an $\alpha 2,8$ -activity. A $\beta 1,4$ -GaINAc transferase and a β 1,3-galactosyltransferase are also provided by the invention, as are other glycosyltransferases and enzymes involved in synthesis of lipooligosaccharide (LOS). In addnl. embodiments, the invention provides nucleic acids that encode the glycosyltransferases, as well as expression vectors and host cells for expressing the glycosyltransferases. The enzymes may be used in preparation of gangliosides, lysogangliosides, and mimics of gangliosides and lysogangliosides. Thus, C. jejuni gene cstI .alpha.2,3sialyltransferase, gene cstII bifunctional $\alpha 2, 3/\alpha 2, 8$ sialyltransferase, gene cgtA β -1,4-N-acetylgalactosaminyltransferase, and gene cgtB β -1,3-galactosyltransferase enzymes were used to prepare the carbohydrate portion of gangliosides GM1a, GM2, GM3, GD1a, GD3, and GT1a.

L3 ANSWER 29 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

2002:287597 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Practical in vitro sialylation of recombinant

glycoproteins

INVENTOR(S):

Paulson, James C., Del Mar, CA, UNITED STATES Bayer, Robert J., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Sjoberg, Eric, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES

Neose Technologies, Inc., Horsham, PA (U.S.

corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE	
				
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 2002160460	A 1	20021031	
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2002-81456	A1	20020221 (10)	
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation of	Ser. No.	. US 1998-7741,	filed on 15 Jan
	1998, GRANTED, Pa	at. No.	US 6399336	

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 1997-35710P

19970116 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Utility APPLICATION

TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

58

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

2 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

1142

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides methods for practical in vitro sialylation of glycoproteins, including recombinantly produced glycoproteins. The

methods are useful for large-scale modification of sialylation patterns.

ANSWER 30 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:258800 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Practical in vitro sialylation of recombinant

glycoproteins

INVENTOR(S):

Paulson, James C., Del Mar, CA, UNITED STATES Bayer, Robert J., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES

Sjoberg, Eric, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Neose Technologies, Inc., Horsham, PA, UNITED STATES,

19044 (U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2002142370 A1 20021003 US 2002-81455 A1 20020221 (10)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 1998-7741, filed on 15 Jan

1998, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6399336

NUMBER DATE _____

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 1997-35710P 19970116 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO

CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

58 1

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

2 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

1135

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides methods for practical in vitro sialylation of AB

glycoproteins, including recombinantly produced glycoproteins. The methods are useful for large-scale modification of sialylation patterns.

ANSWER 31 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:221376 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Practical in vitro sialylation of recombinant

glycoproteins

INVENTOR(S):

Paulson, James C., Del Mar, CA, UNITED STATES

Bayer, Robert J., San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES

Sjoberg, Eric, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cytel Corporation (U.S. corporation)

> NUMBER KIND DATE ______

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

US 2002119516 A1 20020829 US 2001-7331 A1 20011109 (10)

Division of Ser. No. US 1998-7741, filed on 15 Jan RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

1998, PENDING

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 1997-35710P 19970116 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP, TWO EMBARCADERO

CENTER, EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

2 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

1150

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides methods for practical in vitro sialylation of glycoproteins, including recombinantly produced glycoproteins. The

methods are useful for large-scale modification of sialylation patterns.

ANSWER 32 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN T₁3

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:32520 USPATFULL

TITLE:

In vitro modification of glycosylation patterns of

recombinant glycopeptides

INVENTOR(S):

Bayer, Robert, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE US 2002019342 A1 20020214 US 2001-855320 A1 20010514 (9)

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 2000-203851P 20000512 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER,

EIGHTH FLOOR, SAN FRANCISCO, CA, 94111-3834

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

5 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

2069

TITLE:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention provides methods for modifying glycosylation patterns of glycopeptides, including recombinantly produced glycopeptides. Also provided are glycopeptide compositions in which the glycopeptides have a

uniform glycosylation pattern.

ANSWER 33 OF 37 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:129751 USPATFULL

INVENTOR(S):

Practical in vitro sialylation of recombinant glycoproteins

Paulson, James C., Del Mar, CA, United States Bayer, Robert J., San Diego, CA, United States Sjoberg, Eric, San Diego, CA, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Neose Technologies, Inc., Horsham, PA, United States

(U.S. corporation)

KIND DATE NUMBER _____ ____ US 6399336 B1 20020604

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION INFO.:

US 1998-7741

19980115 (9)

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION:

US 1997-35710P 19970116 (60)

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Achutamurthy, Ponnathapu

ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

Rao, Manjunath N.

Townsend and Townsend and Crew LLP LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

2 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

1239

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention provides methods for practical in vitro sialylation of glycoproteins, including recombinantly produced glycoproteins. The methods are useful for large-scale modification of sialylation patterns.

L3 ANSWER 34 OF 37 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.

on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:339631 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 423VN

TITLE:

Dependence of the bi-functional nature of a

sialyltransferase from Neisseria meningitidis on a single

amino acid substitution

AUTHOR: Wakarchuk W W (Reprint); Watson D; St Michael F; Li J J;

Wu Y Y; Brisson J R; Young N M; Gilbert M

CORPORATE SOURCE: Natl Res Council Canada, Inst Biol Sci, Immunochem

Program, 100 Sussex Dr, Ottawa, ON K1A 0R6, Canada (Reprint); Natl Res Council Canada, Inst Biol Sci, Immunochem Program, Ottawa, ON K1A 0R6, Canada

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR:

Canada

SOURCE:

JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (20 APR 2001) Vol. 276,

No. 16, pp. 12785-12790.

Publisher: AMER SOC BIOCHEMISTRY MOLECULAR BIOLOGY INC,

9650 ROCKVILLE PIKE, BETHESDA, MD 20814 USA.

ISSN: 0021-9258. Article; Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE:

English

LANGUAGE:
REFERENCE COUNT:

27

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS The L1 immunotype strain 126E of Neisseria meningitidis has been shown to have an N-acetyl-neuraminic acid-containing lipooligosaccharide in which an alpha -linked galactose from a pk epitope is substituted at the O6 position (Wakarchuk, W, W,, Gilbert, M,, Martin, A., Wu, Y,, Brisson, J, R,, Thibault, P,, and Richards, J, C, (1998) Eur. J, Biochem. 254, 626-633), Using a synthetic pk-epitope containing acceptor in glycosyltransferase reactions, we were able to show by NMR analysis of the reaction product that the 126E(L1)-derived sialyltransferase can make both alpha -2,3 and alpha -2,6 linkages to the terminal galactose, Gene disruption experiments showed that the Ist gene in 126E(L1) was responsible for the in vivo addition of the alpha -2,6-linked N-acetyl-neuraminic acid residue. By site-directed mutagenesis it was possible to change the MC58(L3)-derived enzyme into a bifunctional enzyme with a single amino acid change at position 168, where a glycine was changed to an isoleucine. We performed a gene replacement experiment where the 126E(L1) alpha -2,3/6-sialyltransferase was replaced by allelic exchange with the monofunctional MC58(L3) alpha -2, 3-sialyltransferase and with the mutant MC58(L3) allele G168I, We observed that the level of LOS sialylation with the G168I allele was very similar to that of the wild type 126E(Ll), indicating that residue 168 is the critical residue for the alpha -2,6-sialyltransferase activity in vitro as well as in vivo.

L3 ANSWER 35 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:129311 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:304980

TITLE:

Biosynthesis of ganglioside mimics in Campylobacter

jejuni OH4384. Identification of the

glycosyltransferase genes, enzymatic synthesis of model compounds, and characterization of nanomole

amounts by 600-MHz H and C NMR analysis

AUTHOR(S):

Gilbert, Michel; Brisson, Jean-Robert; Karwaski,
Marie-France; Michniewicz, Joseph; Cunningham,

Anna-Maria; Wu, Yuyang; Young, N. Martin; Wakarchuk,

Warren W.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Institute for Biological Sciences, National Research

Council of Canada, Ottawa, ON, K1A OR6, Can.

SOURCE:

Journal of Biological Chemistry (2000), 275(6),

3896-3906

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PUBLISHER:

American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular

Biology

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

English

LANGUAGE:

We have applied two strategies for the cloning of four genes responsible for the biosynthesis of the GT1a ganglioside mimic in the

lipooligosaccharide (LOS) of a bacterial pathogen, Campylobacter jejuni OH4384, which has been associated with Guillain-Barre

syndrome. We first cloned a gene encoding an .alpha.-2

,3-sialyltransferase (cst-I) using an activity

screening strategy. We then used nucleotide sequence information from the recently completed sequence from C. jejuni NCTC 11168 to amplify

a region involved in LOS biosynthesis from C. jejuni OH4384.

The LOS biosynthesis locus from C. jejuni OH4384 is 11.47 kilobase pairs and encodes 13 partial or complete open reading frames,

while the corresponding locus in C. jejuni NCTC 11168 spans

13.49 kilobase pairs and contains 15 open reading frames, indicating a

different organization between these two strains. Potential

glycosyltransferase genes were cloned individually, expressed in

Escherichia coli, and assayed using synthetic fluorescent oligosaccharides

as acceptors. We identified genes encoding a β -1,4-N-

acetylgalactosaminyltransferase (cgtA), a β -1,3-galactosyltransferase (cgtB), and a bifunctional sialyltransferase (cst-II), which transfers sialic acid to O-3 of galactose and to O-8 of a sialic acid that is linked

 α -2,3- to a galactose. The linkage specificity of each identified glycosyltransferase was confirmed by NMR anal. at 600 MHz on nanomole amts. of model compds. synthesized in vitro. Using a gradient inverse

broadband nano-NMR probe, sequence information could be obtained by detection of 3J(C,H) correlations across the glycosidic bond. The role of

cgtA and cst-II in the synthesis of the GTla mimic in C. jejuni OH4384 were confirmed by comparing their sequence and activity with

corresponding homologs in two related C. jejuni strains that express shorter ganglioside mimics in their LOS.

REFERENCE COUNT:

31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 36 OF 37 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:626342 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:253359

TITLE:

Campylobacter jejuni gene cst-I lipopolysaccharide .alpha.-2, 3 sialyltransferase, its DNA and

amino acid sequences, recombinant production, and its

acceptor specificity

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Gilbert, Michel; Wakarchuk, Warren W. National Research Council of Canada, Can.

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 47 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9949051	A1	19990930	WO 1999-CA238	19990322
W: AE, AL, AM,	AT, AU	, AZ, BA, BB	, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH,	CN, CU, CZ,

```
DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS,
             JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK,
             MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ,
             TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD,
             RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
             ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
             CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                                             US 1999-272960
                                                                    19990318
     US 6689604
                          B1
                                20040210
     CA 2323753
                          AΑ
                                19990930
                                             CA 1999-2323753
                                                                    19990322
     AU 9928230
                                             AU 1999-28230
                                19991018
                                                                    19990322
                          Α1
     AU 745040
                                20020307
                          B2
     EP 1082440
                                20010314
                                             EP 1999-908717
                          Α1
                                                                    19990322
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI
     JP 2002507424
                          T2
                                             JP 2000-538012
                                20020312
                                                                    19990322
     US 2003049270
                                             US 2002-58636
                          A1
                                20030313
                                                                    20020129
     US 6709834
                          B2
                                20040323
     US 2004152165
                                             US 2004-799016
                          Α1
                                20040805
                                                                    20040311
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                             US 1998-78891P
                                                                 P 19980320
                                             US 1999-272960
                                                                    19990318
                                                                 Α
                                             WO 1999-CA238
                                                                    19990322
                                                                 W
                                             US 2002-58636
                                                                 A3 20020129
AΒ
     The invention provides DNA mols. that encode gene cst-I lipopolysaccharide
     .alpha.-2,3 sialyltransferase of
     Campylobacter jejuni. The DNA sequence of C. jejuni
     gene cst-I, as well as the corresponding amino acid sequence of
     lipopolysaccharide .alpha.-2,3
     sialyltransferase are claimed. The invention also provides
     methods for the recombinant production of lipopolysaccharide .alpha
     .-2,3 sialyltransferase in prokaryotic and
     eukaryotic cells. The invention further provides the specificity of the
     C. jejuni lipopolysaccharide .alpha.-2,
     3 sialyltransferase. The C. jejuni
     lipopolysaccharide .alpha.-2,3
     sialyltransferase uses terminal galactose acceptors that are
     \beta-(1-4) linked to either glucose or N-acetylglucosamine. The
     enzyme also uses terminal galactose acceptors that are \beta-(1\rightarrow3)
     linked to N-acetylglucosamine or N-acetylgalactosamine. The enzyme uses
     cytidine monophosphate-N-acetylneuraminic acid (CMP-Neu5Ac) as the donor.
     The broad acceptor specificity of lipopolysaccharide .alpha.-
     2,3 sialyltransferase encoded by cst-I
     demonstrates its utility and makes it an attractive tool for chemo-enzymic
     synthesis of sialylated oligosaccharides.
REFERENCE COUNT:
                               THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     ANSWER 37 OF 37 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.
     on STN
                                                         DUPLICATE 4
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                     1999:733349 SCISEARCH
THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 238JB
TITLE:
                     Synthesis of a disialylated hexasaccharide of Type VIII
                     Group B Streptococcus capsular polysaccharide
                     Eichler E; Jennings H J; Gilbert M; Whitfield D M
AUTHOR:
                     (Reprint)
                     NATL RES COUNCIL CANADA, 100 SUSSEX DR, OTTAWA, ON K1A
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                     OR6, CANADA (Reprint); NATL RES COUNCIL CANADA, OTTAWA, ON
                     K1A OR6, CANADA
COUNTRY OF AUTHOR:
                     CANADA
SOURCE:
                     CARBOHYDRATE RESEARCH, (30 JUN 1999) Vol. 319, No. 1-4,
                     Publisher: ELSEVIER SCI LTD, THE BOULEVARD, LANGFORD LANE,
```

KIDLINGTON, OXFORD OX5 1GB, OXON, ENGLAND.

ISSN: 0008-6215.

DOCUMENT TYPE: FILE SEGMENT:

Article; Journal PHYS; LIFE; AGRI

LANGUAGE:

English

REFERENCE COUNT:

21

ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS As part of our program to design, develop and prepare protective vaccines against the bacterial pathogens Group B Streptococcus, we report the synthesis of a disialylated hexasaccharide. This hexasaccharide represents a portion of the serotype-specific capsular polysaccharide of Type VIII that has the tetrasaccharide repeat unit {beta-L-Rhap-(1 --> 4)-beta-D-Glcp-(1 --> 4)-[alpha-Neu5Ac-(2 --> 3)]-beta-D-Galp-(1 --> 4) }(n). A tetrasaccharide corresponding to this repeat unit has been synthesized by us [E. Eichler, H.J. Jennings, D.M. Whitfield, J. Carbohydr. Chern., 16 (1997) 385-411]. Since the protective epitopes are believed to involve several. repeat units, methods to extend this tetrasaccharide were examined. This objective requires a glycosylation of the unreactive OH-4 of the beta-L-Rhap, which was accomplished by coupling a D-Galp glycosyl trichloroacetimidate donor with a beta-L-Rhap-(1 --> 4)-D-Glcp acceptor. Subsequent coupling of this trisaccharide as a donor to an a-Neu5Ac-(:2 --> 3)-D-Galp disaccharide acceptor gave a pentasaccharide. The pentasaccharide was deprotected and enzymatically sialylated using an alpha-(2 --> 3)sialyltransferase from Campylobacter jejuni to give the title hexasaccahride alpha-Neu5Ac-(2 --> 3)-beta-D-Galp-(1 --> 4) -beta-L-Rhap-(1 --> 4) -beta-D-Glcp(1 --> 4) -[alpha-Neu5Ac-(2 --> 3)]-beta-D-Galp-(1 --> 0)-(CH2)(3)N-3. (C) 1999 Elsevier Science Ltd. All rights reserved.